

Safe Harbor

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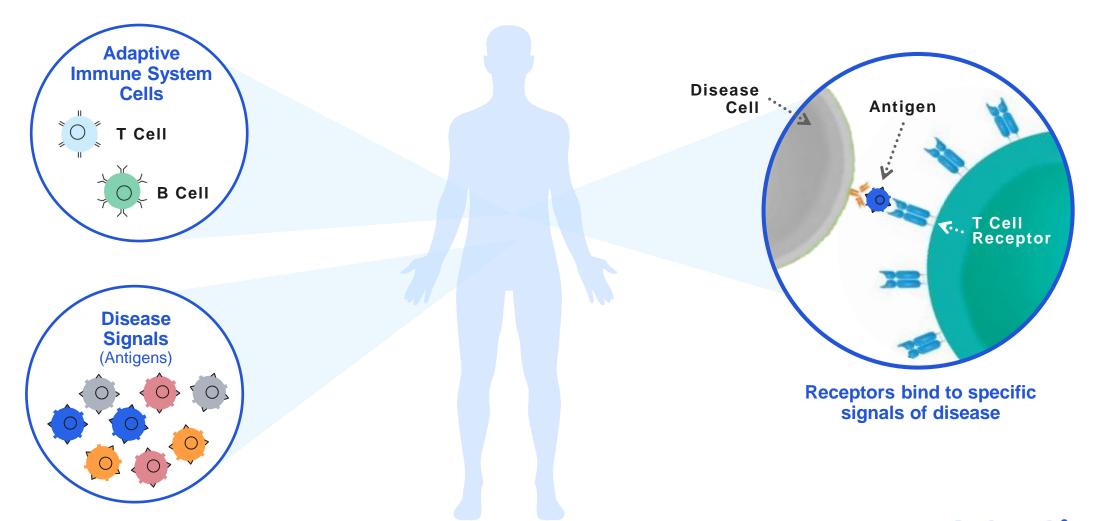
Our Mission

Translate the genetic language of the adaptive immune system into clinical products to diagnose and treat disease

- Founded in 2009
- NASDAQ listed 2019 (ADPT)
- 680 employees
- 700+ publications to date



The immune system detects and treats most diseases in the same way

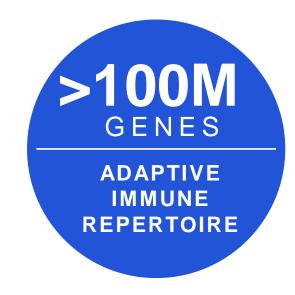




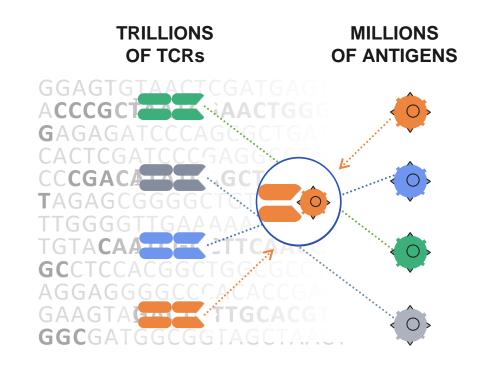
Revealing its massively diverse genetic code may transform medicine

INDIVIDUAL





POPULATION



Sensitive

Specific

Amplified

Systemic

Persistent

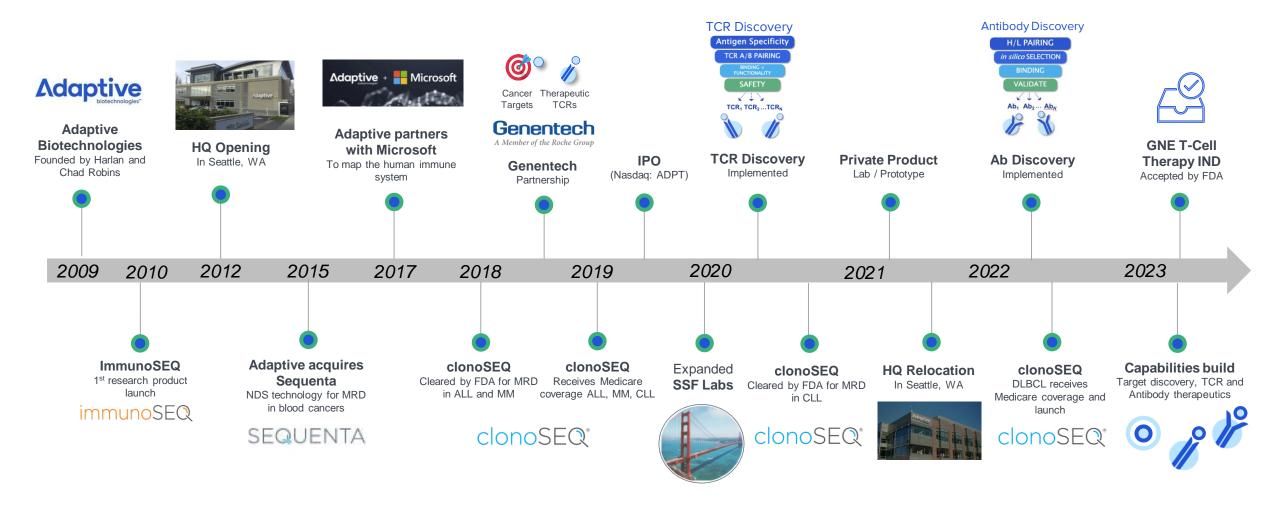


Using the immune system as the source-code for immune medicine





Adaptive innovation timeline





Two business segments: MRD and Immune Medicine

Minimal Residual Disease (MRD)

Highly sensitive NGS-based assessment of MRD in heme for use in clinical practice and drug trials.

Clinical Testing



MRD Pharma



Immune Medicine (IM)

Advancing transformative immune-based therapeutics in cancer and autoimmunity

Target Discovery

Novel target discovery in autoimmune disorders

Drug Discovery

T-cell Therapeutics
Antibody Therapeutics



Management team driving strategy

Talented and diverse management team with experience and skills to drive and execute strategy



Chad Robins
Chief Executive Officer, Cofounder, Chairman of the Board



Harlan Robins, PhD
Chief Scientific Officer & Cofounder



Julie Rubinstein
President & Chief Operating
Officer



Francis Lo
Chief People Officer



Kyle PiskelChief Financial Officer



Sharon Benzeno, PhD
Chief Commercial Officer,
Immune Medicine



Susan Bobulsky
Chief Commercial Officer, MRD



Stacy Taylor
Senior Vice President, General
Counsel







MRD

A commercial stage diagnostics business

Our MRD business provides value to all stakeholders

clonoSEQ MRD is transforming care for heme cancers

"Using an FDA-cleared test that is available to clinicians and patients means that the **prognostic value** of the test confers real-world utility – it's not just an academic endpoint."

Senior Director, Precision Medicine, Regeneron

"With more sensitive MRD testing......we can detect way before any laboratory value, scan, or patient would have a clinical inkling... it's like having a magic 8-ball into the future."

Tara Graff – Medical Oncologist, Mission Cancer and Blood Des Moines, Iowa

MRD-informed treatment discontinuation in MM maintenance patients likely to result in **lifetime savings** of \$916,000 per patient

Emory University Study presented at 62nd ASH Annual Meeting and Exposition, Dec 2020

CIONOSEQ® Adaptive

Adaptive

Patients

clonoSEQ gave my doctor the confidence to take me off chemotherapy. The results of this test gave me my life back. Once I was told I was MRD negative, the effects on my life have been huge. I no longer have an expiration date.

Karen Thomas – MM patient



clonoSEQ® is the gold standard in hematology MRD



¹ Includes covered lives in ALL and MM. CLL and DLBCL covered lives are 195M and 75M respectively



² Primary endpoint in 9 trials, secondary endpoint in 66 trials

³ US clinical patients

clonoSEQ captures the synergistic value of clinical diagnostics and pharma



Clinical testing

Monitor response to treatment via serial quantification of disease burden

Pharma supports lifecycle expansion which drives clinical use



Clinical usage drives inclusion as an endpoint in pharma trials

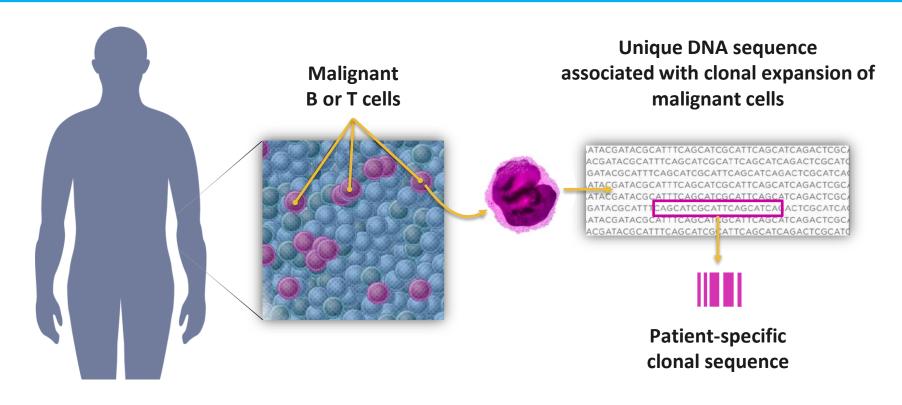


Pharma trials

Accelerate drug development and commercialization by using MRD as a clinical endpoint



clonoSEQ measures MRD by looking for specific DNA sequences associated with malignant B or T cells* in a patient



By sequencing the DNA associated with B- and T-cell receptors, clonoSEQ identifies and quantifies specific cancer-associated sequences, generating MRD results that are a direct measure of the tumor, not a surrogate of disease

*T-cell testing is available as a CLIA-validated LDT and has not been cleared or approved by the FDA.

Carlson C, et al. *Nat Commun.* 2013;4:2680.; Faham M, et al. *Blood.* 2012;120(26):5173-80 (study author was an employee of Adaptive at time of publishing



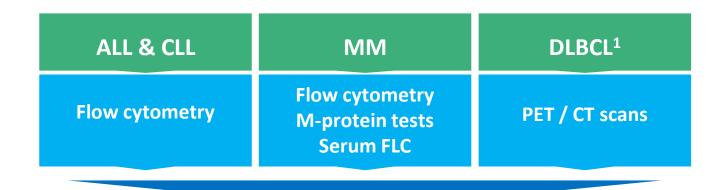
Disease burden assessment is integral to clinical decision-making throughout the treatment continuum

Phase					
Diagnosis	Active Treatment	Disease Recurrence			
Purpose					
Stage diseaseEvaluate patient prognosis	 Inform treatment selection Assess treatment response Intensify / de-intensify treatment Determine need for additional treatment (e.g., consolidation or maintenance) 	 Monitor disease burden during remission Inform frequency of monitoring Decide to discontinue treatment 	 Predict potential relapse Decide to re-initiate treatment 		
Milestone					
Diagnosis	Induction Consolidation Transplant Maintenance	Stop Treatment	Relapse		



Other methods for clinical MRD evaluation in lymphoid cancers are limited

Other approaches to monitoring lymphoid cancers:



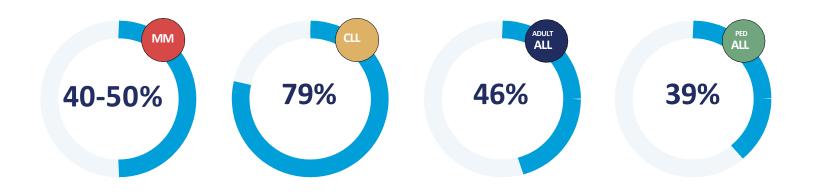
LIMITATIONS

Variable Sensitivity • Low Specificity • Lack of Standardization Imprecise quantitation • Radiation exposure • Cost

¹ clonoSEQ is available for MRD assessment in DLBCL as a CLIA-validated laboratory developed test. clonoSEQ is FDA-cleared for MRD assessment in ALL, CLL and MM.

How does clonoSEQ compare to MFC?

Percentage of patients who were MRD-negative by MFC but had residual disease by clonoSEQ



What it means

Many [patients] with apparent 'MRDnegativity' by MFC still relapse. These relapses are likely due to residual leukemia that is present below the level of detection of MFC.

-Short et al.

clonoSEQ detects disease that MFC cannot

Short NJ, et al. Abstract presented at: the 62nd ASH Annual Meeting and Exposition; December 5-8, 2020. Avet-Loiseau H, et al. *Blood*. 2015;126(23):191. Short NJ, et al. *Blood* Adv. 2022;6(13):4006-4014.

Wood B, et al. *Blood*. 2018;131(12):1350-1359.





clonoSEQ is supported by a robust evidence base with significant commitment to additional data generation

Journal of Clinical Oncology®

Peripheral blood ctDNA assessments can predict for progression events with added value to standard PET-CT scans

Frank et al. JCO. 2021



Durable MRD negativity lasting ≥6 or ≥12 months may represent yet a deeper level of response with a higher prognostic value

San-Miguel et al. Blood. 2022



MRD negativity is the most relevant predictor of clinical outcome compared with other prognostic factors for MM

Cavo et al. Blood. 2021



Minimal residual disease undetectable (uMRD) by next-generation sequencing predicts improved outcome in CLL after chemoimmunotherapy

Thompson et al. Blood. 2019



NGS MRD may provide more valuable prognostic information than RT-PCR for BCR::ABL1 and therapeutic decisions in Ph+ALL may be better informed by also considering NGS MRD status

Short et al. Am J Hematol, 2023

BLOOD CANCER DISCOVERY

The best biomarker described to date for determining risk of relapse at any given time throughout the first year after CAR-T cell therapy ... is NGS-MRD assessment of the marrow."

Pulsipher et al. Blood Cancer Discovery. 2022

>160 peer-reviewed publications supporting the expanding clinical utility of clonoSEQ and NGS MRD in Heme cancers >100 ongoing prospective studies in partnership with clinician investigators for data/evidence generation



In the U.S. clonoSEQ testing is covered by Medicare and private payers for ~300M people in the US for MM and ALL and ~200M people for CLL



Only FDA-cleared MRD assay available in the US



Medicare coverage is available nationally for myeloma, ALL, CLL, and DLBCL



Commercial payer coverage policies established at every major payer (United, Anthem, BCBS, Aetna)



Policies cover testing in both bone marrow and blood



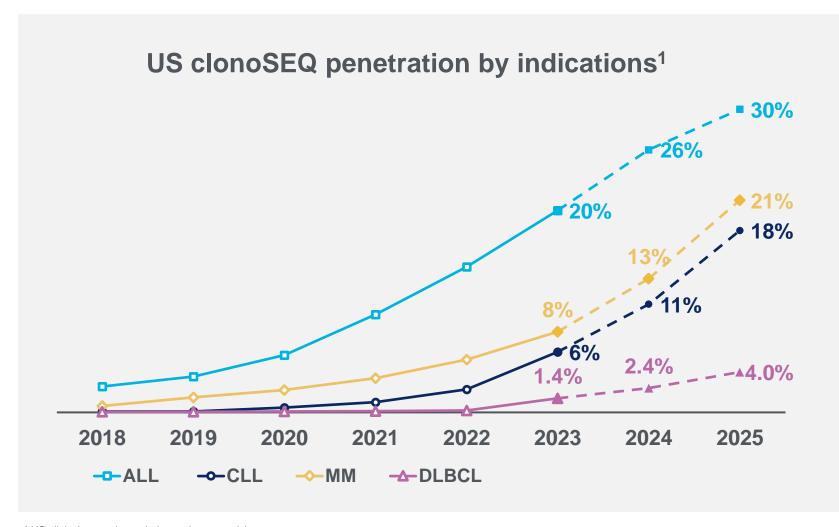
clonoSEQ is included in the label of idecabtagene vicleucel, daratumumab, and carfilzomib for myeloma



clonoSEQ is included in >13 on-going clinical utility studies for ALL, CLL, and MM



Significant opportunity in clinical testing ahead in current indications



MM driving short to medium-term growth, followed by newer indications: CLL and NHL

- 5 yr. prevalence used for ALL & DLBC; 10 yr. prevalence used for MM and CLL,
- Penetration excludes patients on clinical trials
- Peak penetration shown; penetration based on clinical utility, evolving clinical landscape, HCP research and internal team think
- Indolent and non-treated CLL patients excluded from calculations; penetration purely based on patients who are treated, and their disease needs to be monitored.



¹ US clinical use only, excludes patients on trials

clonoSEQ is the test of choice for major drug developers in heme cancers

Only FDA approved MRD test in heme cancers

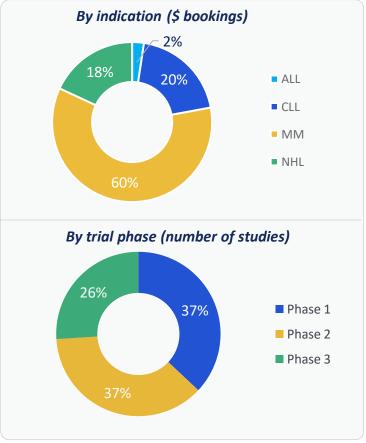
Portfolio overview



Top ten accounts



Portfolio mix



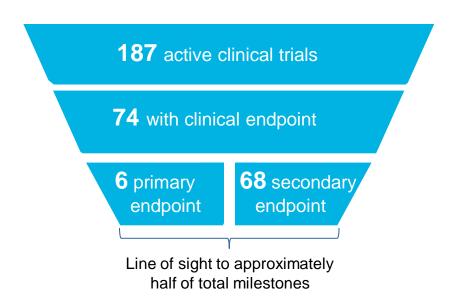


MRD pharma business portfolio

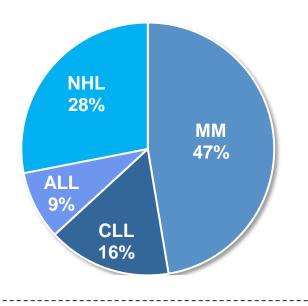
clonoSEQ MRD, gold standard in drug trials, growing use as an endpoint

Portfolio Overview

- >60 BioPharma partners
- Sequencing revenue plus regulatory milestones
- ~\$370M in milestones from future & active trials



Portfolio Mix by Indication



50% of trials in phase 2 and phase 3



Several FDA drug approvals contain data supporting clinical utility of MRD











B-cell precursor acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) Chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) or small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL).

Multiple Myeloma Multiple Myeloma Multiple Myeloma











FDA expands approval of Blincyto for treatment of a type of leukemia in patients who have a certain risk for relapse. U.S. FDA. March 29, 2018; Janssen announces Darzalex ® (daratumumab) U.S. FDA approval for newly diagnosed patients with multiple myeloma who are transplant ineligible. Janssen Pharmaceuticals. May 7, 2018.; Gormley N, et al. JAMA Oncology. 2016;3(1):18-20.

Adaptive and Genentech Partner to Use clonoSEQ® Assay to Measure Minimal Residual Disease as a Primary Endpoint in Phase III Study of Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia Patients. January 13, 2020. Phase III CRISTALLO Study.

Significant room for expansion in our pharma business



Focus on expanding presence in NHL and **CLL** trials

Potential tail-wind:

FDA acceptance of MRD as a primary clinical endpoint in trials



Key priorities to grow the MRD business while reaching profitability

Improve Margins

Coverage expansion / ASP increase



Production lab efficiencies



OPEX leverage





Relentless focus on improving margins



Increasing clonoSEQ ASP



OPEX leverage

- 1 Reduce out-of-policy claims
- 2 Reduce non-contracted claims
- 3 Optimize revenue cycle management

- 1 Production lab efficiencies
- 2 Commercial economies of scale
- 3 G&A optimization

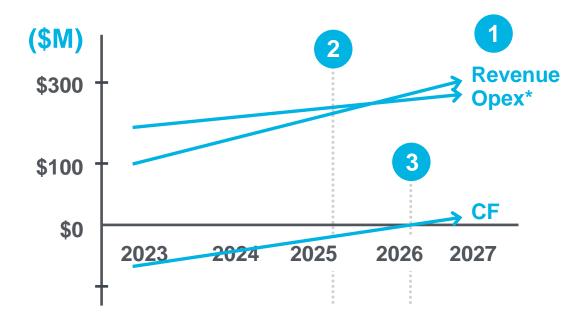


Financial outlook and path to profitability for MRD business

Path to profitability/cashflow breakeven

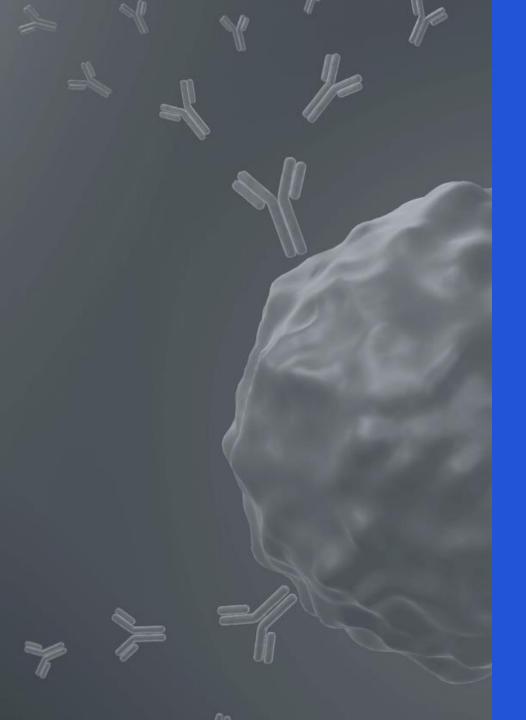
- 1 Revenue CAGR from 2023-2027 to be 25-30%
- 2 Adj EBITDA¹ positive 2H 2025
- 3 Cash Flow Breakeven 1H 2026

Estimated P&L progression (illustrative)



^{*} Opex in this chart excludes stock comp, depreciation and amortization Chart not at scale







Immune Medicine (IM)

An immune-driven drug discovery business

We are the gold standard in immune receptor discovery

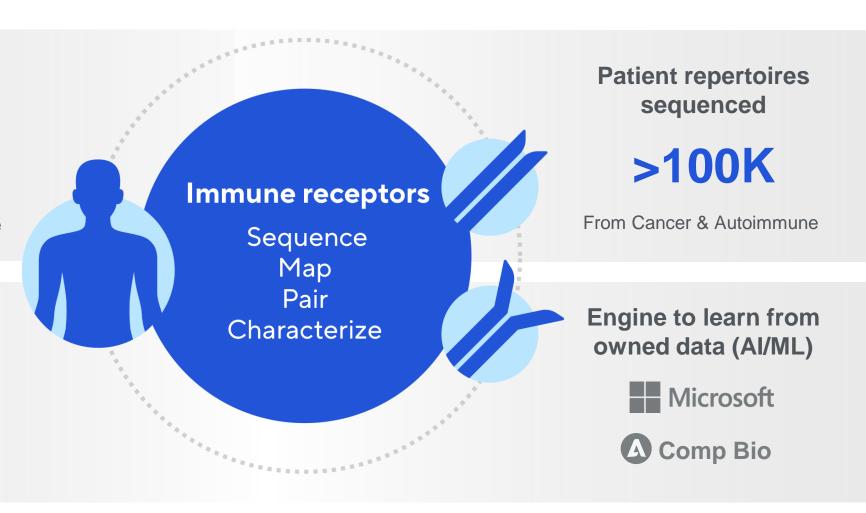
Full TCR functionally matched to an HLA presented antigen

~500K

Vs <40,000 available worldwide

Strong IP and patent portfolio

245+

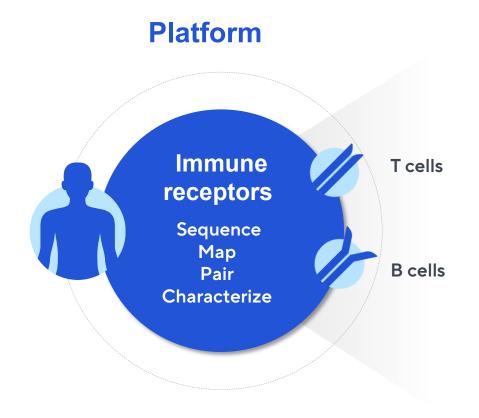


TCR: T cell receptors HLA: Human leukocyte antigens

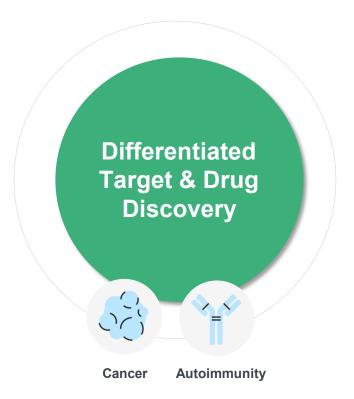


IM business: strategic focus on target and drug discovery

Advancing transformative immune-based therapeutics in cancer and autoimmunity



Discovery Engine





Advancing transformative therapies in cancer and autoimmunity

Solving for TCR-antigen discovery and mapping

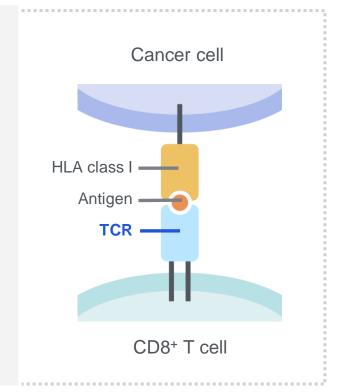


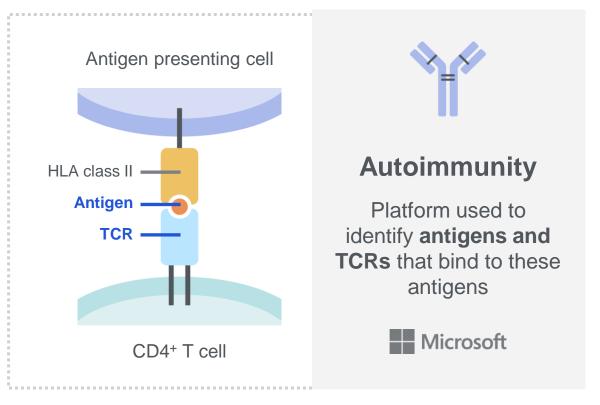
Cancer

Platform used to generate library of TCRs that bind to known antigens

Genentech

A Member of the Roche Group





Developing 1st fully personalized cell therapy product

Driving **immune-driven precision medicine** with novel targets



Cell therapy in oncology; Partnership with Genentech

- Cell therapies showing great efficacy
 - Limited to surface markers only
- T-cell receptors are cancer specific
- Our platform generates highly potent
 TCRs against cancer antigens

- Characterize TCRs against cancer antigens for cellular therapy
 - Shared Products
 - Private Products

 Ability to pursue partnerships outside of oncology \$300M Upfront payment

\$1.8B
In milestone payments

Royalties in mid-single digit to upper-teen range





Genentech cell therapy partnership

Identifying optimal TCR candidates in two product categories



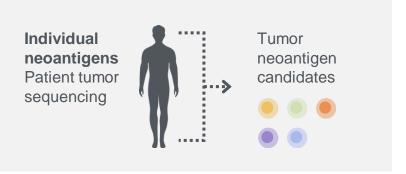
Shared Product

- ✓ IND cleared for 1st candidate
- ✓ 2 additional TCR data packages
- In 2024: support GNE to enter the clinic with 1st candidate

Developing neoantigen-directed T-cell therapies







Personalized Product

- ✓ Completed POC (+100 patients)
- Built workflow in SSF lab under regulated conditions
- In 2024: complete end-to-end testing for future clinical readiness





Advancing in autoimmune with 1st novel target in Multiple Sclerosis (MS)

Why focus on MS?



Current treatments have limited efficacy and significant side effects



T-cells play a causative role



Self-antigens involved, but unknown

What did we find?

- Identified specific TCRs that are shared and clustered in MS patients
- Used these TCRs to find the self-antigen likely causing the immune response in MS
- This self-antigen is the focus of our lead drug candidate program

What is next?

- In 2024: validate target using in vitro and in vivo disease models
- Assess antibodies developed from our platform as lead modality



We are making progress on high value opportunities in cancer and autoimmunity

High unmet clinical need...

With increasing proof points



 Cell therapy for solid tumors is the next frontier

Cancer

Cell Therapy



1st TCR-based Cell Therapy Product

✓ IND cleared for 1st neoantigen-directed product candidate

Fully Personalized Product

- ✓ Successfully identified and characterized TCRs from 120+ patients
- ✓ Built regulated workflow in dedicated lab



 Targeted therapies with improved efficacy and safety

Autoimmunity

Target Discovery

✓ Discovered and initiated validation for 1st novel target in MS

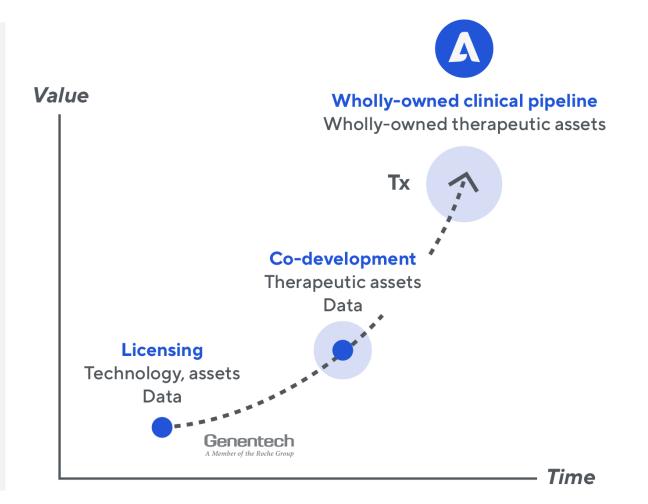
Antibody Discovery

 Deployed antibody discovery platform and completed successful POC in autoimmunity



IM is well-positioned to deliver on key priorities in the next couple of years

- Support GNE's development of cancer cell therapy products
- Designate therapeutic candidate (MS) and enter the clinic
- Scale target discovery in additional autoimmune indications (T1D, RA)
- Gate R&D investments on catalysts that achieve strategic priorities

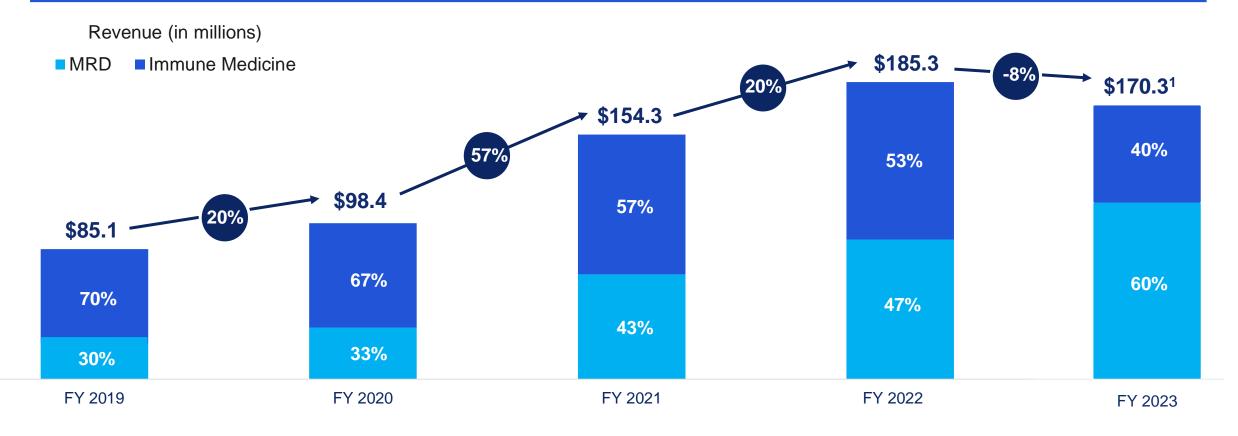






Financials

Financial highlights



~\$309 million in cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities as of 3/31/2024



^{1.} IM business revenue decrease mainly due to reduction in amortization of GNE upfront payment. Guidance only provided for MRD business Note: bar charts not at scale

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FY 2024 guidance

FY 2024 revenue guidance:

MRD revenue between \$135M-\$140M vs previous guidance of \$130M-\$140M

FY 2024 operating expenses:

FY OPEX between \$350M-\$360M¹ vs previous guidance of \$360M-\$370M¹

Quarterly average cash burn for remaining quarters ~\$30M¹

Implied FY 2024 cash burn of \$130M¹ vs previous estimate of \$140M¹



¹ Excluding one-time costs from strategic review pertaining to resources elimination



■ The following table sets forth a reconciliation between our Adjusted EBITDA and net loss attributable to Adaptive Biotechnologies Corporation, the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, for each of the periods presented (in thousands):

		arch 31,		
		2024		2023
Net loss attributable to Adaptive Biotechnologies Corporation	\$	(47,507)	\$	(57,699)
Interest and other income, net		(4,222)		(3,024)
Interest expense		2,993		3,531
Depreciation and amortization expense		5,214		5,423
Restructuring expense		1,044		_
Share-based compensation expense		14,298		14,671
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	(28,180)	\$	(37,098)



The following tables set forth our segment information for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2024							
		MRD		Immune Medicine		Unallocated Corporate		Total
Revenue	\$	32,626	\$	9,247	\$	_	\$	41,873
Operating expenses		59,886		23,841		6,908		90,635
Adjusted EBITDA		(17,259)		(6,927)		(3,994)		(28,180)
Reconciliation of Net Loss to Adjusted EBITDA:								
Net loss	\$	(27,260)	\$	(14,593)	\$	(5,680)	\$	(47,533)
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest		_		_		26		26
Net loss attributable to Adaptive Biotechnologies Corporation		(27,260)		(14,593)		(5,654)		(47,507)
Interest and other income, net		_		_		(4,222)		(4,222)
Interest expense		_		_		2,993		2,993
Depreciation and amortization expense		2,701		2,082		431		5,214
Restructuring expense		467		577		_		1,044
Share-based compensation expense		6,833		5,007		2,458		14,298
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	(17,259)	\$	(6,927)	\$	(3,994)	\$	(28,180)

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2023							
		MRD		Immune Medicine		Unallocated Corporate		Total
Revenue	\$	21,427	\$	16,220	\$		\$	37,647
Operating expenses		56,025		31,672		7,143		94,840
Adjusted EBITDA		(26,386)		(7,427)		(3,285)		(37,098)
Reconciliation of Net Loss to Adjusted EBITDA:								
Net loss	\$	(34,597)	\$	(15,452)	\$	(7,651)	\$	(57,700)
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest		_		_		1		1
Net loss attributable to Adaptive Biotechnologies Corporation		(34,597)		(15,452)	Т	(7,650)		(57,699)
Interest and other income, net		_		_		(3,024)		(3,024)
Interest expense		_		_		3,531		3,531
Depreciation and amortization expense		2,056		2,753		614		5,423
Share-based compensation expense		6,155		5,272		3,244		14,671
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	(26,386)	\$	(7,427)	\$	(3,285)	\$	(37,098)



The following tables set forth our segment information for the remaining quarterly periods in the prior year (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended December 31, 2023							
		MRD		Immune Medicine		Unallocated Corporate		Total
Revenue	\$	30,762	\$	15,022	\$	_	\$	45,784
Operating expenses		58,183		26,280		32,389		116,852
Adjusted EBITDA		(17,763)		(2,979)		(3,923)		(24,665)
Reconciliation of Net Loss to Adjusted EBITDA:								
Net loss	\$	(27,421)	\$	(11,258)	\$	(30,788)	\$	(69,467)
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest		_		_		26		26
Net loss attributable to Adaptive Biotechnologies Corporation		(27,421)		(11,258)		(30,762)		(69,441)
Interest and other income, net		_		_		(4,613)		(4,613)
Interest expense		_		_		3,012		3,012
Depreciation and amortization expense		2,413		2,529		450		5,392
Impairment of right-of-use and related long-lived assets		_		_		25,429		25,429
Share-based compensation expense		7,245		5,750		2,561		15,556
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	(17,763)	\$	(2,979)	\$	(3,923)	\$	(24,665)

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2023							
		MRD		Immune Medicine		Unallocated Corporate		Total
Revenue	\$	24,668	\$	13,251	\$	_	\$	37,919
Operating expenses		55,977		26,400		6,498		88,875
Adjusted EBITDA		(21,616)		(4,986)		(3,229)		(29,831)
Reconciliation of Net Loss to Adjusted EBITDA:								
Net loss	\$	(31,309)	\$	(13,148)	\$	(5,869)	\$	(50,326)
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest		_		_		26		26
Net loss attributable to Adaptive Biotechnologies Corporation		(31,309)		(13,148)		(5,843)		(50,300)
Interest and other income, net		_		_		(4,282)		(4,282)
Interest expense		_		_		3,652		3,652
Depreciation and amortization expense		2,489		2,546		728		5,763
Share-based compensation expense		7,204		5,616		2,516		15,336
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	(21,616)	\$	(4,986)	\$	(3,229)	\$	(29,831)



	Three Months Ended June 30, 2023							
		MRD		Immune Medicine		Unallocated Corporate		Total
Revenue	\$	25,882	\$	23,044	\$	_	\$	48,926
Operating expenses		58,944		30,681		7,119		96,744
Adjusted EBITDA		(23,079)		1,264		(3,004)		(24,819)
Reconciliation of Net Loss to Adjusted EBITDA:								
Net loss	\$	(33,063)	\$	(7,636)	\$	(7,112)	\$	(47,811)
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest		_		_		1		1
Net loss attributable to Adaptive Biotechnologies Corporation		(33,063)		(7,636)		(7,111)		(47,810)
Interest and other income, net		_		_		(3,612)		(3,612)
Interest expense		_		_		3,605		3,605
Depreciation and amortization expense		2,267		2,608		778		5,653
Share-based compensation expense		7,717		6,292		3,336		17,345
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	(23,079)	\$	1,264	\$	(3,004)	\$	(24,819)

